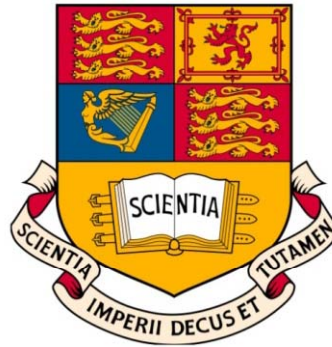


Is the electron round? Search for the electron's EDM

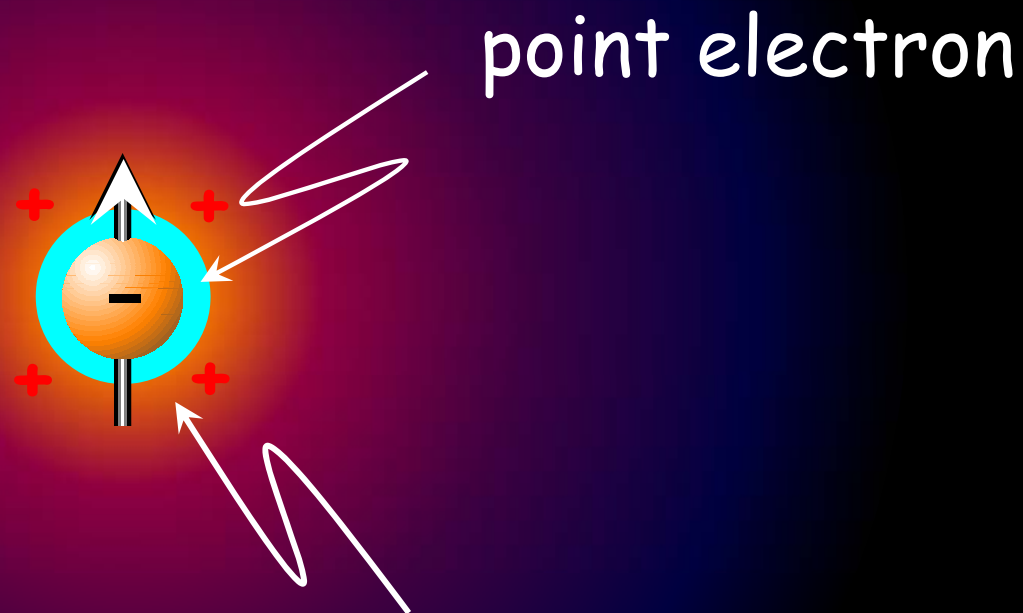
E.A. Hinds

Centre for Cold Matter
Imperial College London



Toronto University, 7 March 2013

How a point electron gets structure

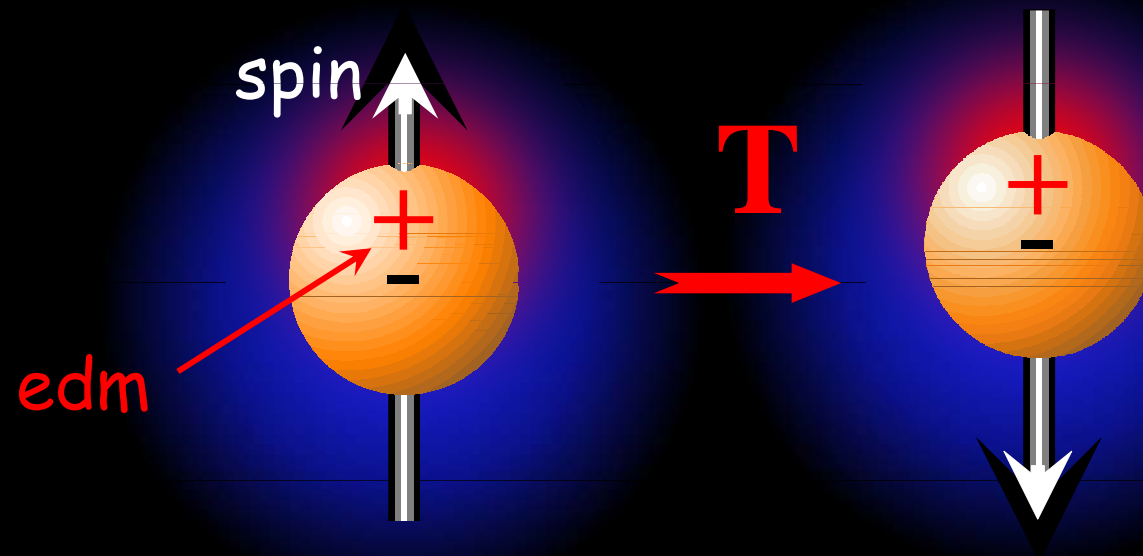


polarisable vacuum with increasingly rich structure at shorter distances:

(anti)leptons, (anti)quarks, Higgs (standard model)
beyond that: new particles

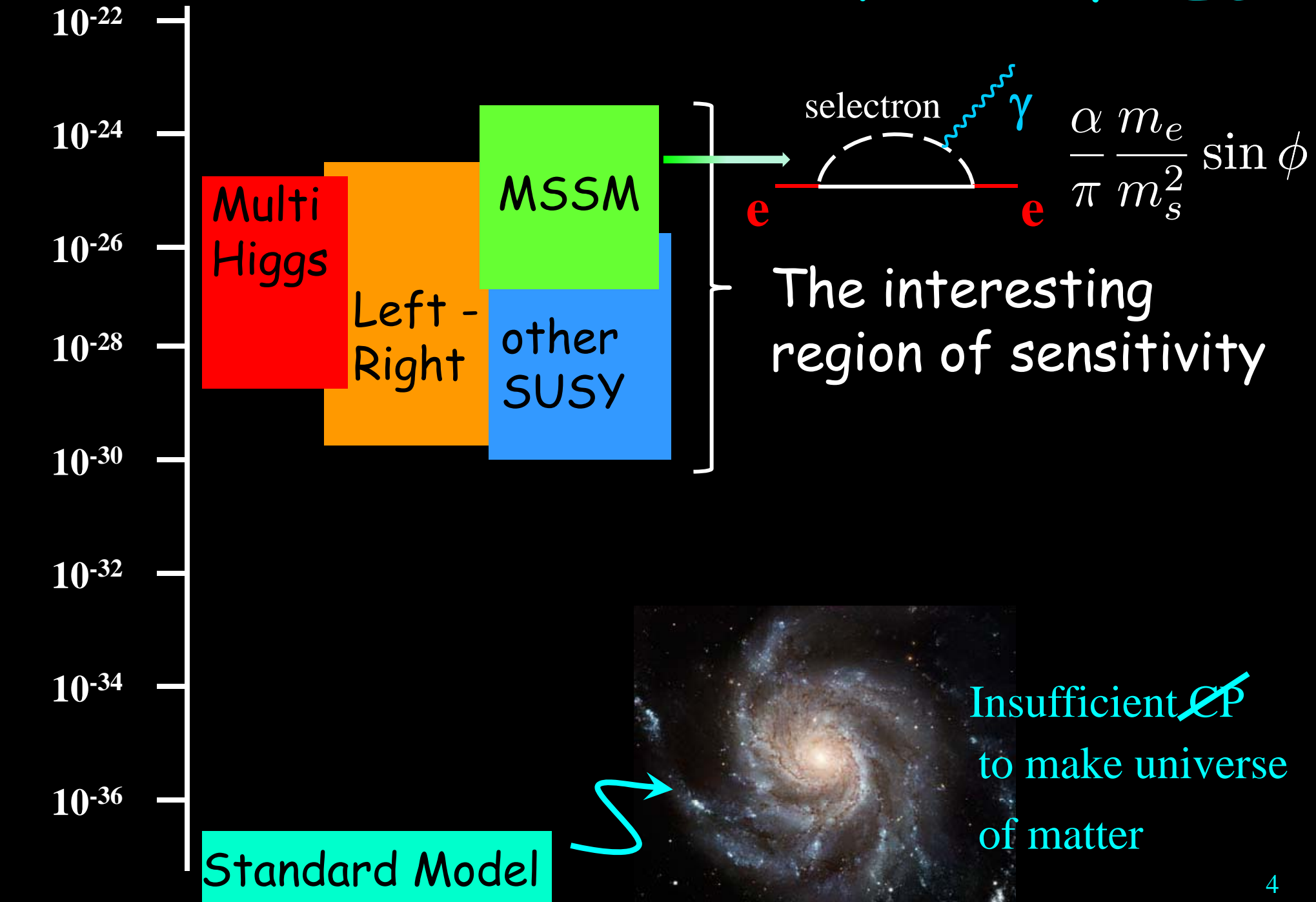
Electric dipole moment (EDM)

electron



If the electron has an EDM,
nature has chosen *one* of these,
breaking T symmetry ... ~~CP~~

eEDM (e.cm) Theoretical estimates of eEDM



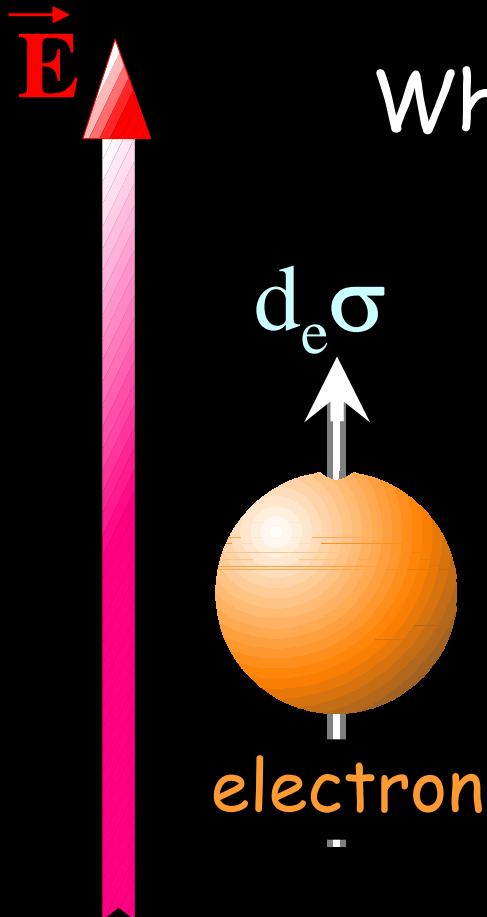
The magnetic moment problem

Suppose $d_e = 5 \times 10^{-28} \text{ e.cm}$ (the region we explore)
 $= 1 \times 10^{-19} \text{ e.a}_0$

In a field of 10 kV/cm $d_e \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{E} \approx 1 \text{ nHz}$

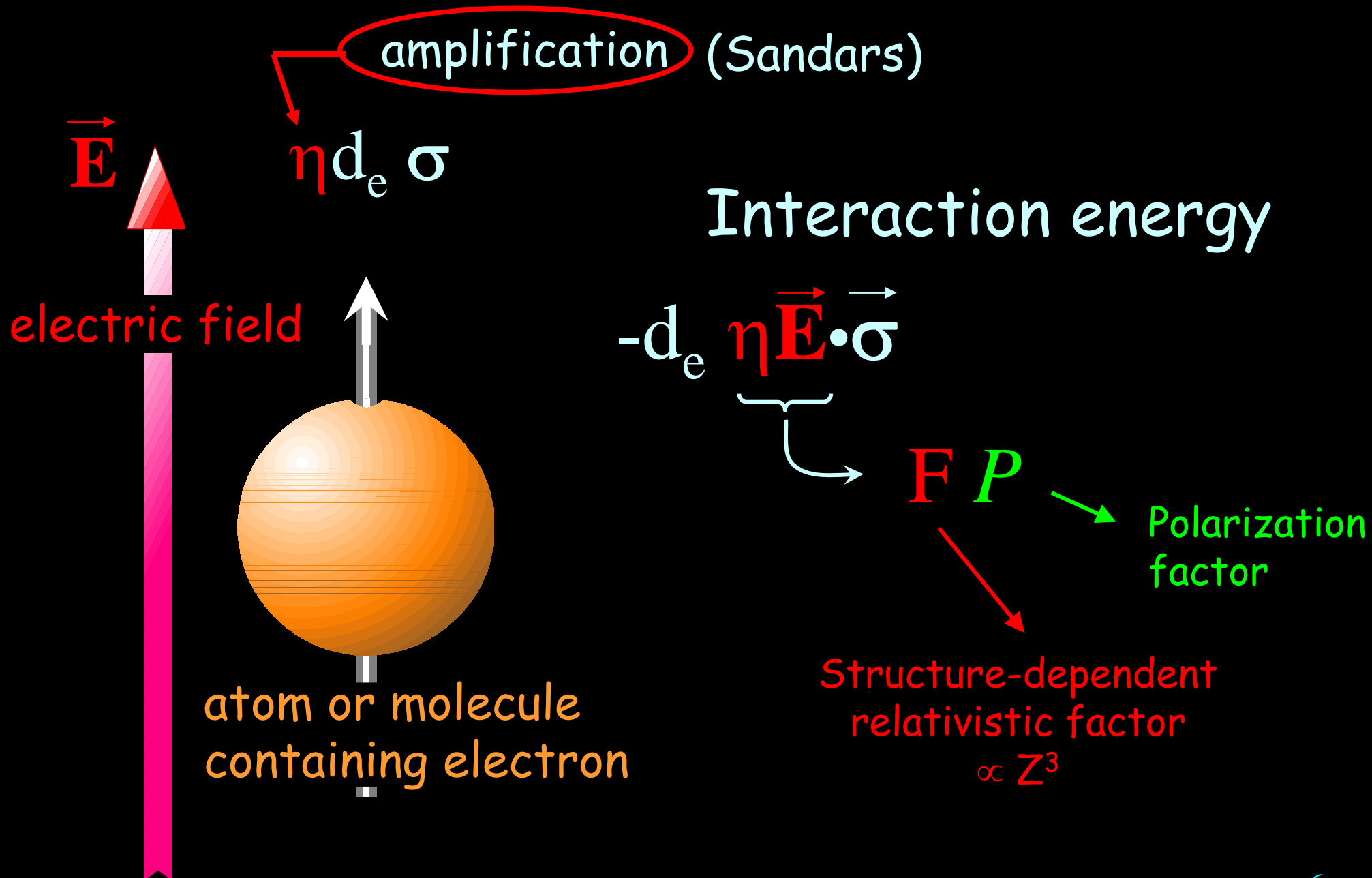
When does $\mu_B \cdot B$ equal this? $B \approx 1 \text{ fG}$

This is very small

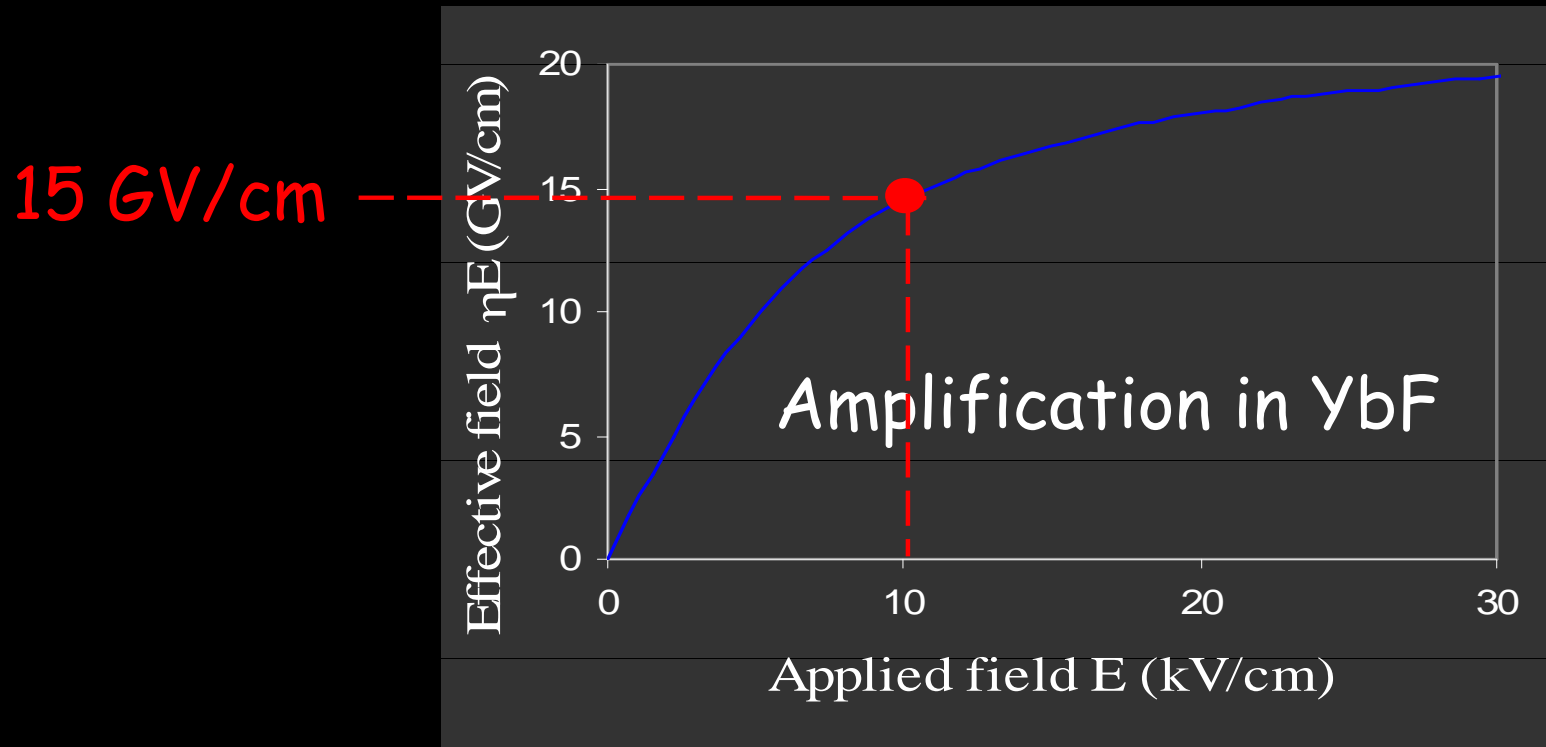


A clever solution

For more details, see E. A. H.
Physica Scripta T70, 34 (1997)



Our experiment uses a polar molecule - YbF

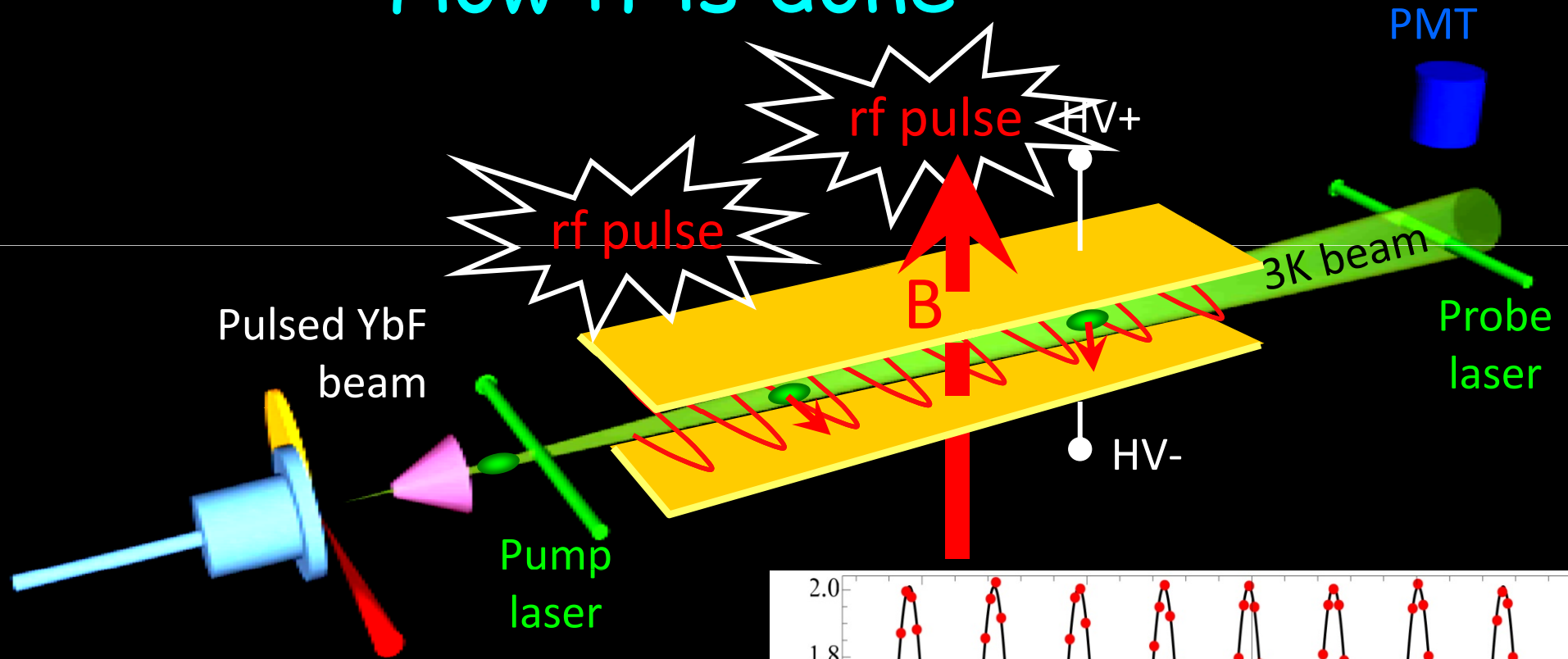


15 GV/cm

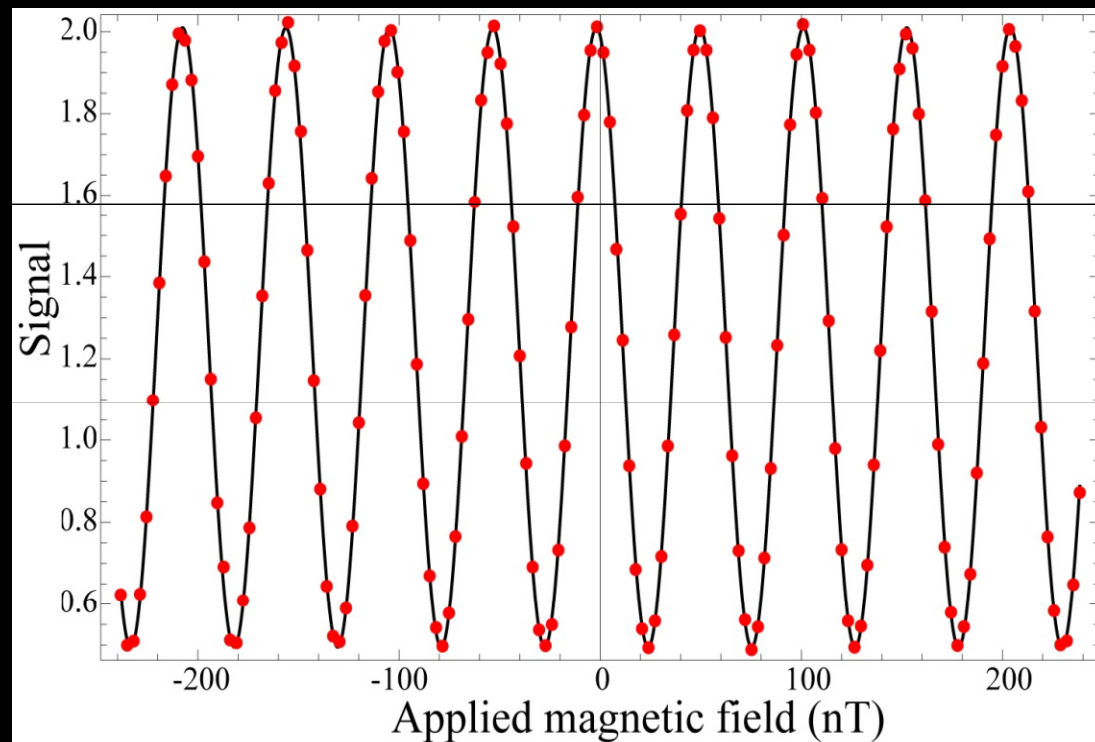
Amplification in YbF

- EDM interaction energy is a million times larger (mHz)
- needs "only" nG stray B field control

How it is done

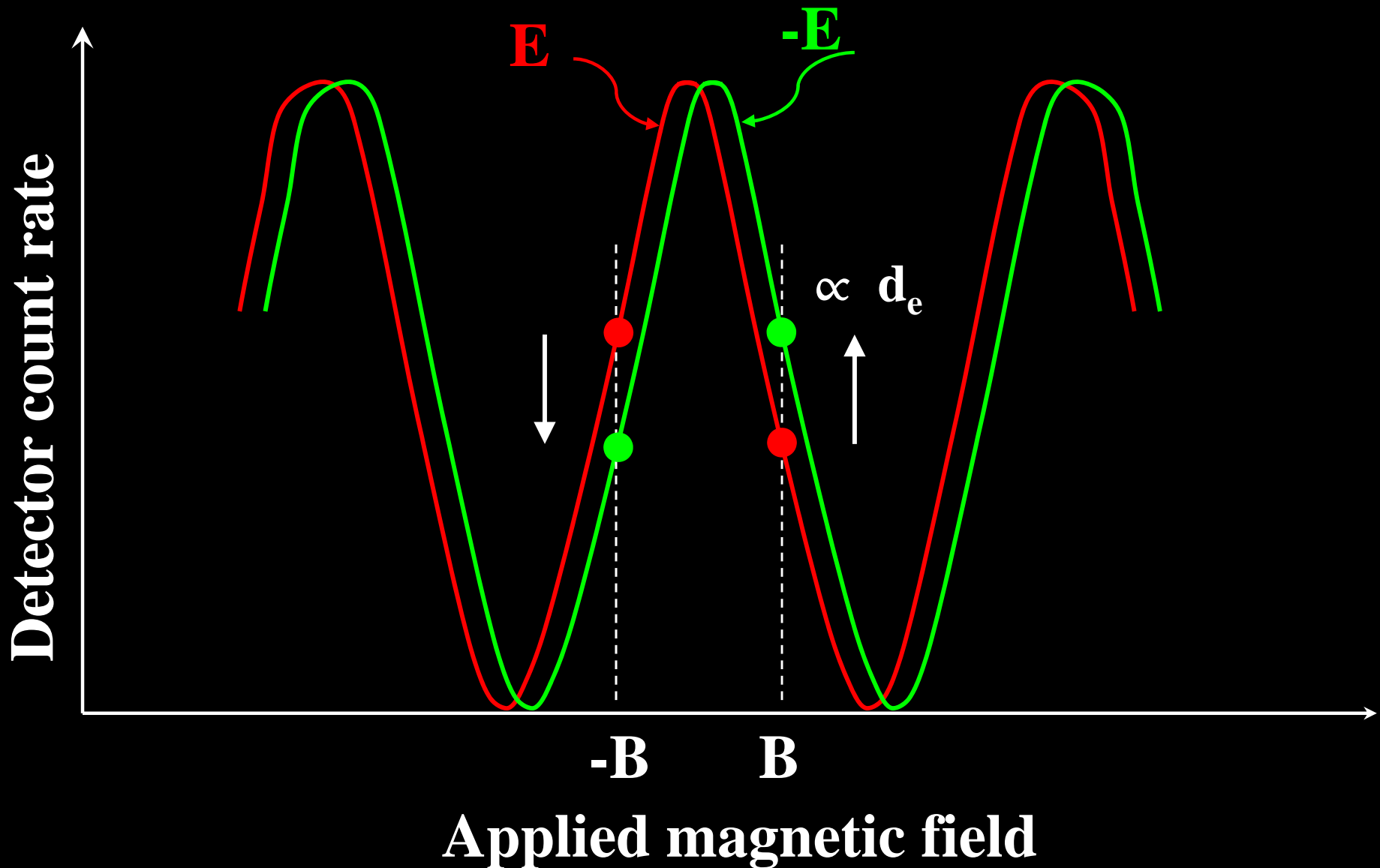


These "interferometer fringes" measure the spin rotation angle ϕ

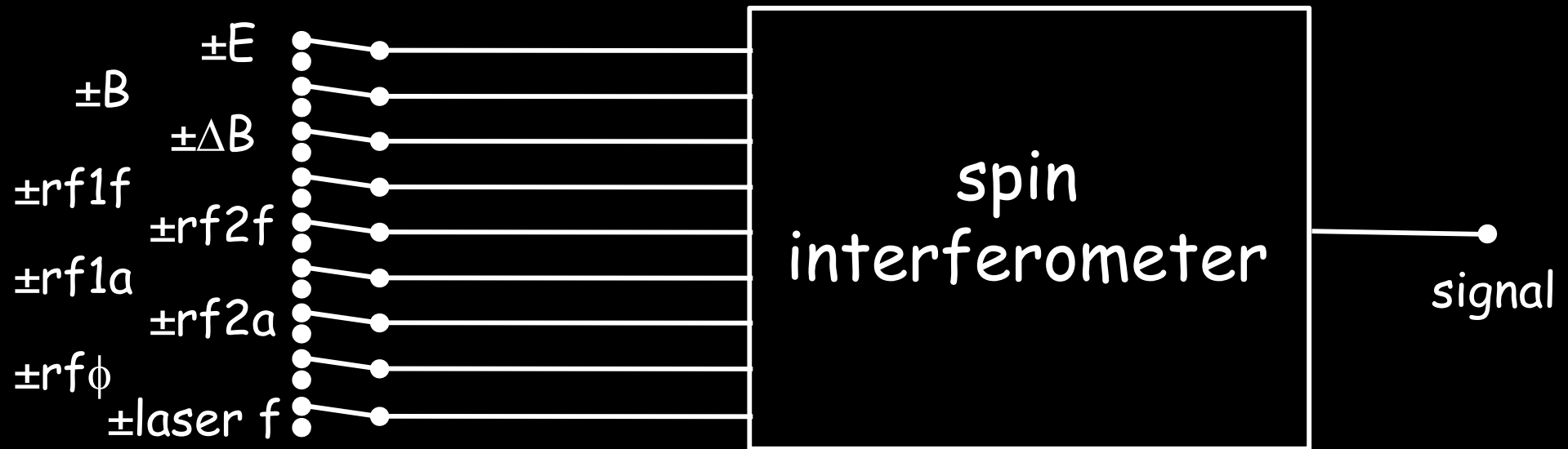


Measuring the edm

Interferometer phase $\phi = 2(\mu B \pm d_e \eta E)\tau/\hbar$



Modulate everything



9 switches:

512 possible correlations

- Generalisation of phase-sensitive detection
- Measure all 512 correlations.
- E·B correlation gives EDM signal

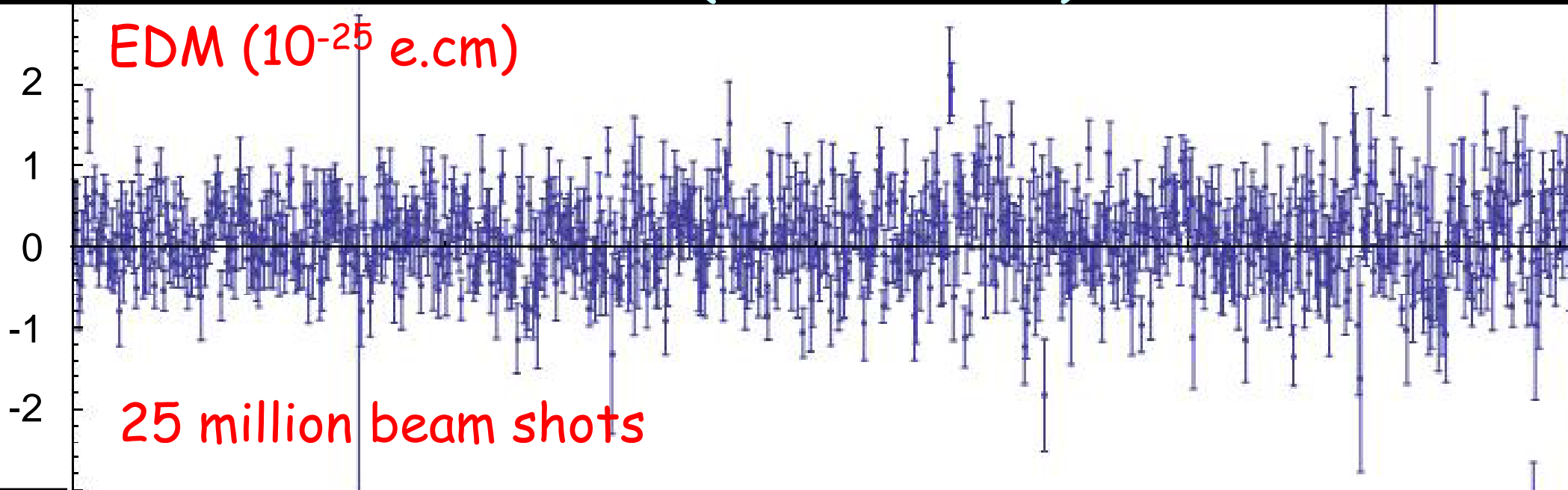
** Don't look at the mean edm **

- We don't know what result to expect.
- Still, to avoid inadvertent bias we hide the mean edm.
- An offset is added that only the computer knows.
- More important than you might think.
 - e.g. Jeng, Am. J. Phys. 74 (7), 2006.

2011 Data:

6194 measurements (~6 min each) at 10 kV/cm.

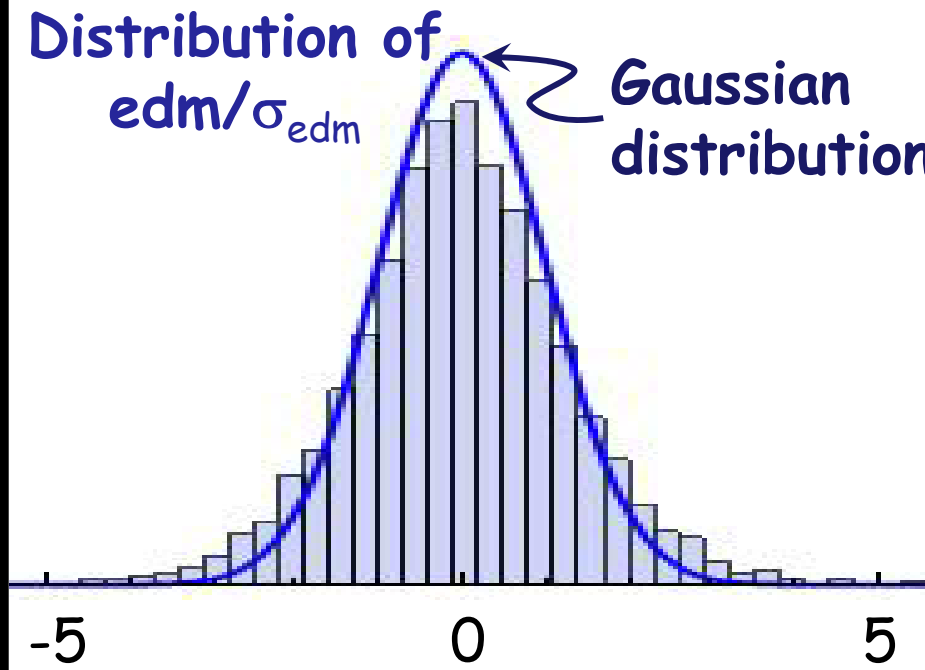
EDM (10^{-25} e.cm)



25 million beam shots

Distribution of edm/σ_{edm}

Gaussian distribution



bootstrap method
determines
probability distribution

Measuring the other 511 correlations

	correlation	mean	σ	mean/ σ
fringe slope calibration	{DB}	{-19.8038, 0.251037}		78.888
beam intensity	{SIG}	{150.576, 1.9145}		78.6502
ϕ -switch changes rf amplitude	{DB, RF1F}	{0.0781105, 0.00478208}		16.334
E drift	{RF1F, RF2F}	{0.0709938, 0.00481574}		14.742
E asymmetry	{E, RF2F}	{0.0282234, 0.00457979}		6.16259
E asymmetry	{E, RF1F}	{0.0239194, 0.00437301}		5.46978
inexact π pulse	{DB, RF1A}	{-0.0212292, 0.00407424}		5.21058

- The rest are zero (as they should be)!
- Only now remove blind from EDM


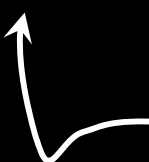
Current status

- Previous result - Tl atoms Regan *et al.* (PRL 2002)
Dzuba/Flambaum (PRL 2009)
Nataraj *et al.* (PRL 2011)

$$\underline{d_e < 2.0 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e.cm with 90\% confidence}}$$

- 2011 result - YbF Kara *et al.* NJP 14, 103051 (2012)
Hudson *et al.* (Nature 2011)

$$d_e = (-2.4 \pm 5.7 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-28} \text{ e.cm}$$

68% statistical   systematic - limited
by statistical noise

$$d_e < 1 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e.cm with 90\% confidence}$$

eEDM (e.cm)

10^{-22}

10^{-24}

10^{-26}

10^{-28}

10^{-30}

10^{-32}

10^{-34}

10^{-36}

Standard Model

Multi Higgs

Left - Right

MSSM

other SUSY

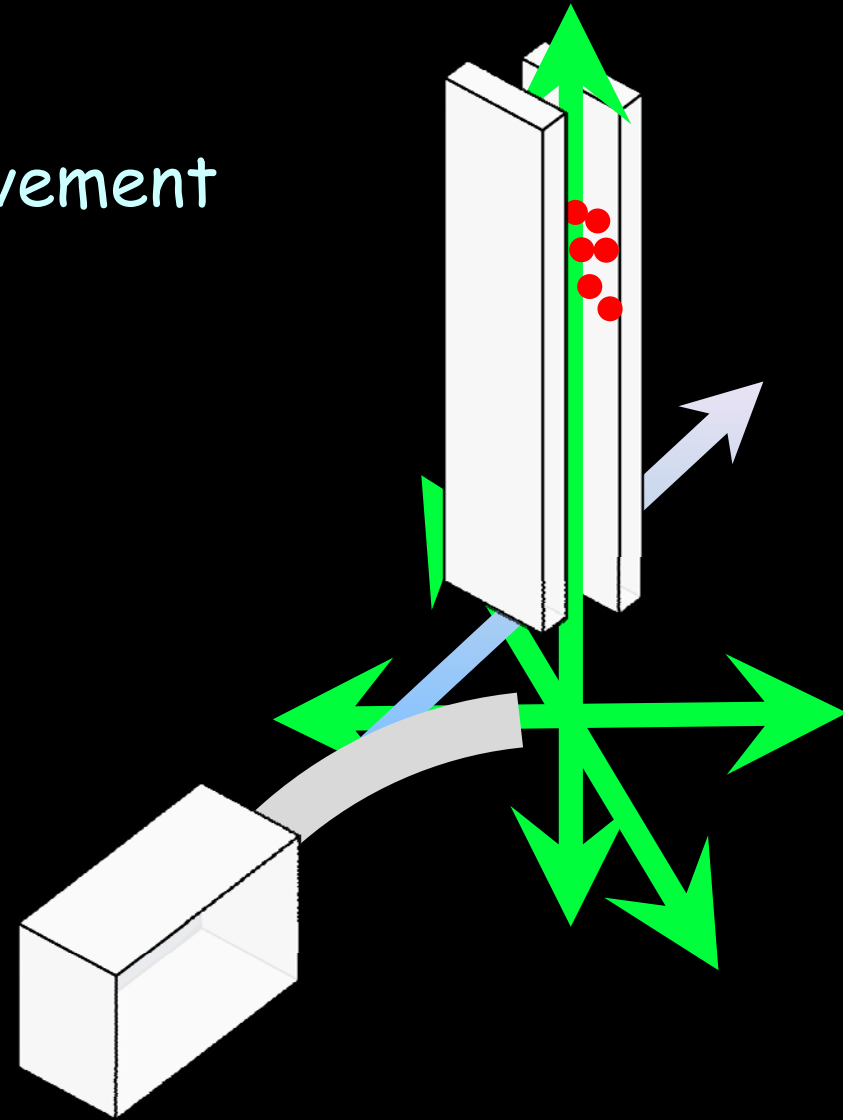
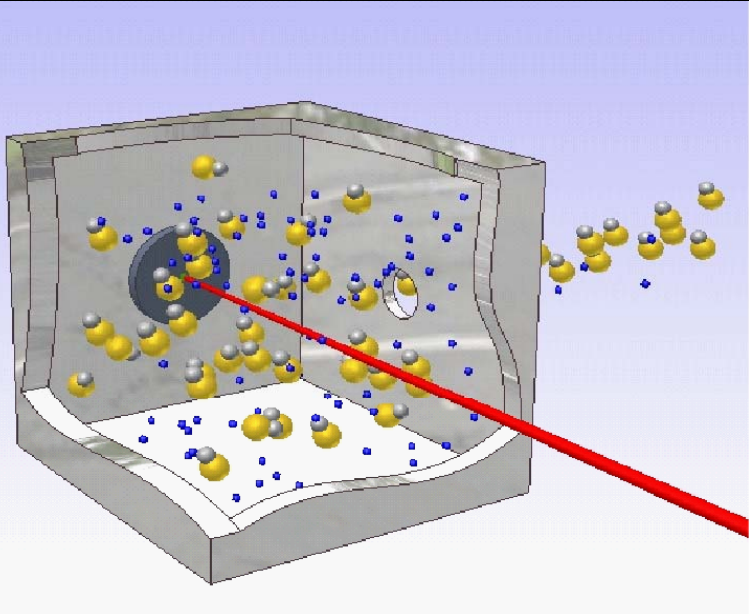
New excluded region
 $d_e < 1 \times 10^{-27}$ e.cm

We are starting to explore this region

How we will improve

Phase 1 Small upgrades: 3 x improvement
- in progress

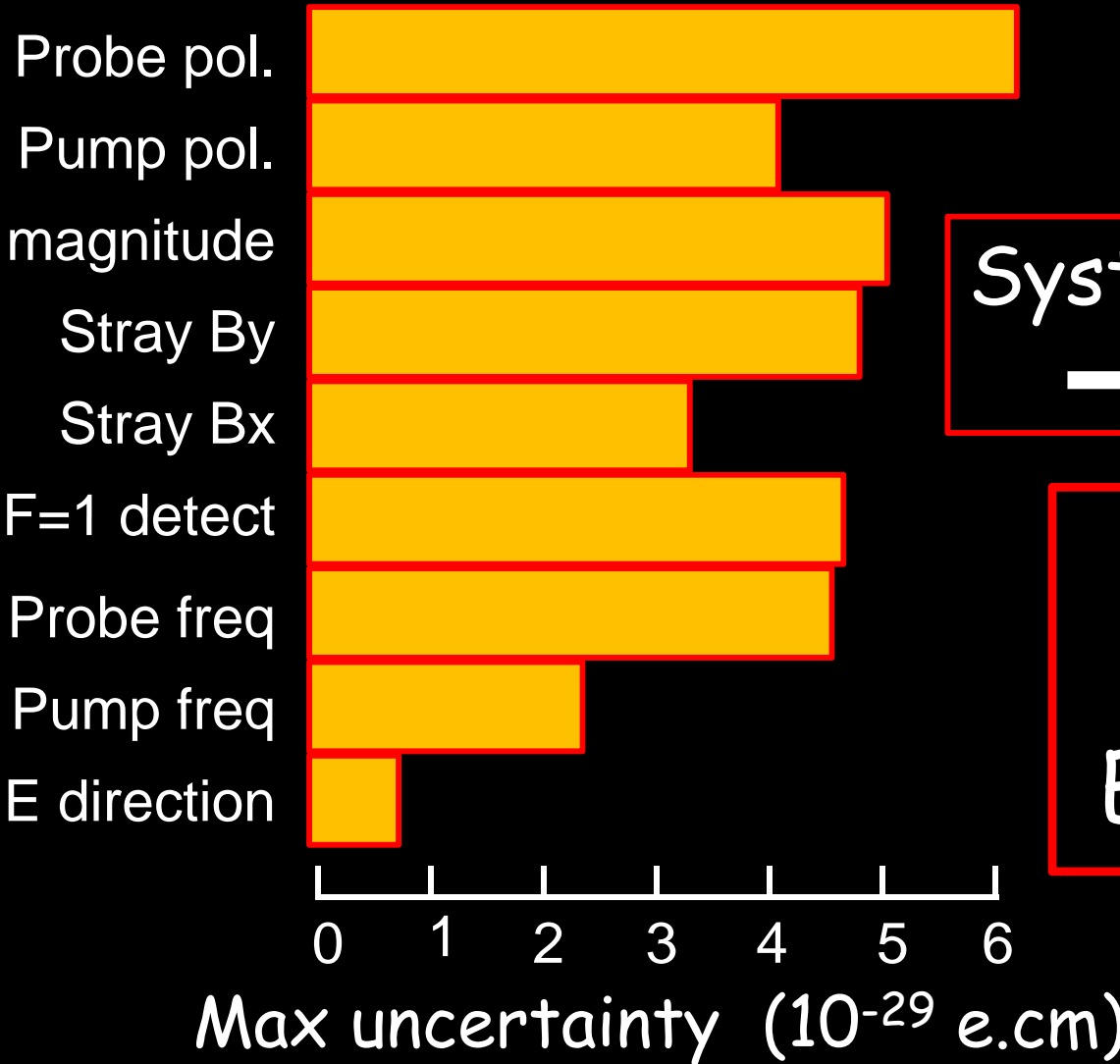
Phase 2 Cryogenic source of YbF
- almost ready



Phase 3 Laser-cooled molecular fountain
- being developed

Phase 1:

Defects emphasised

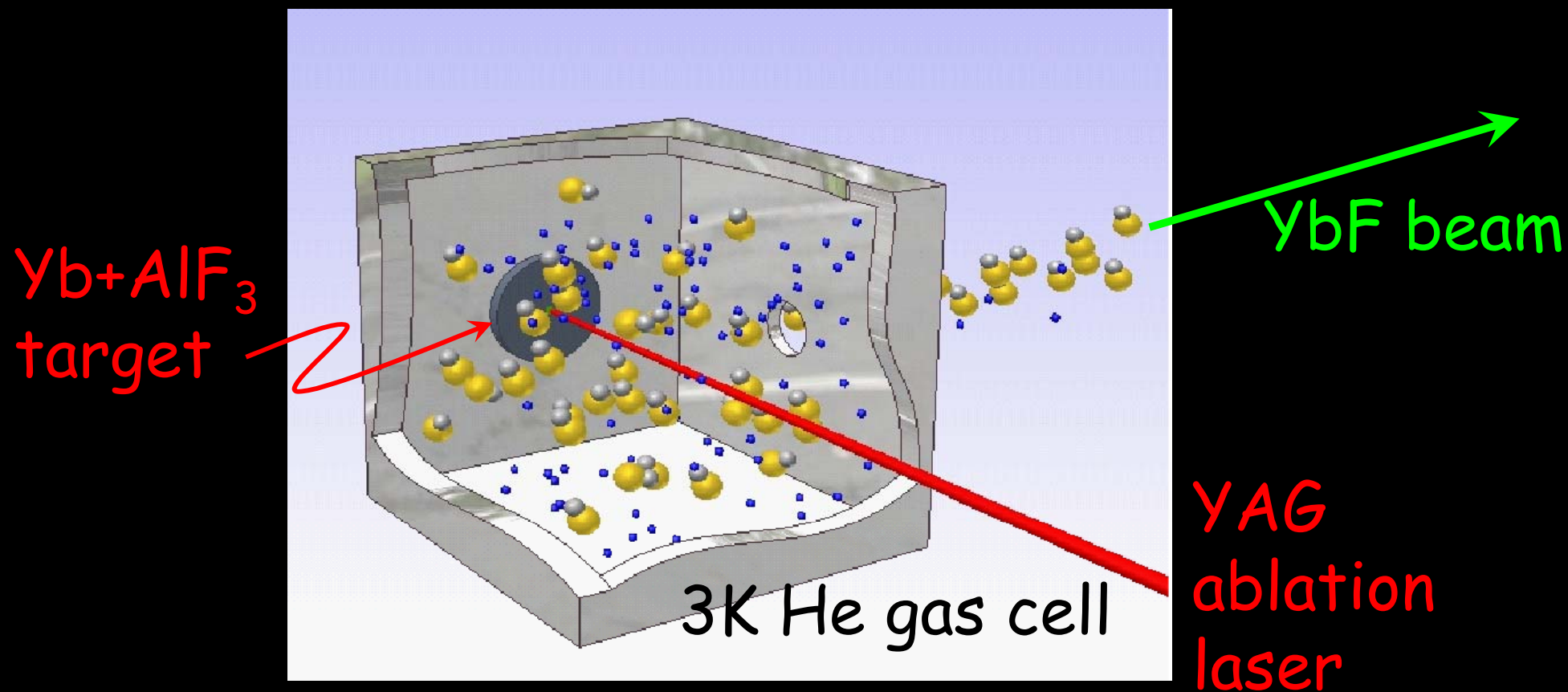


- Longer interferometer
 - Lower background
- 2.5×sensitivity

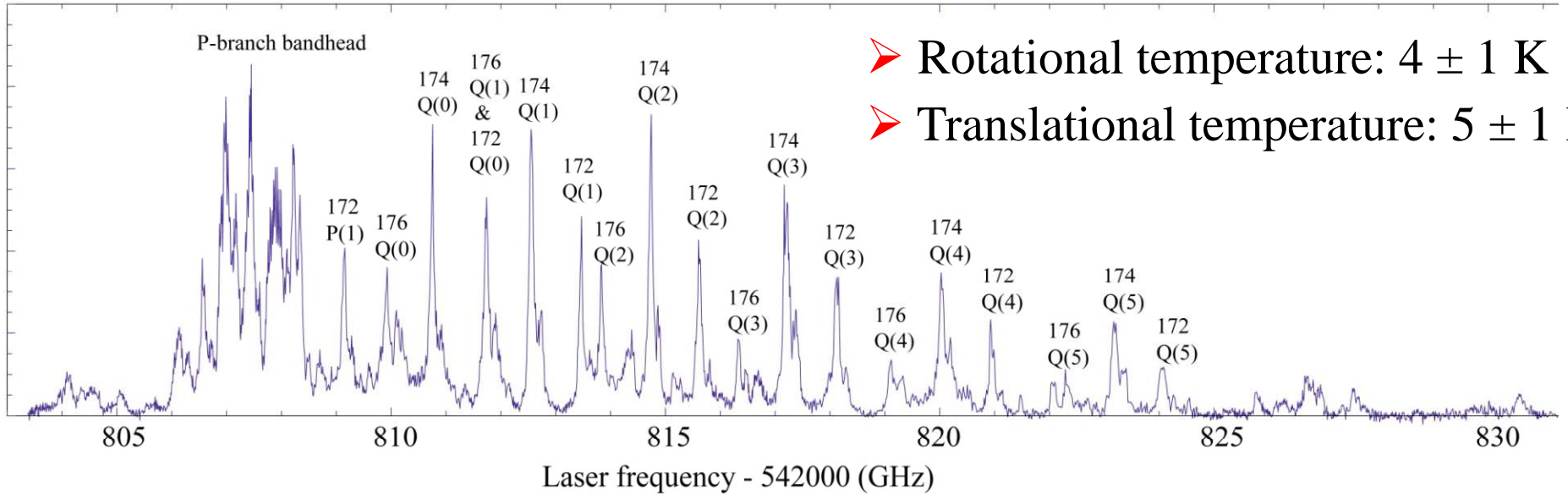
Systematics emphasised
→ total < 10⁻²⁸ e.cm

Now making a
2×10⁻²⁸ e.cm
EDM measurement

Phase 2 - cryogenic buffer gas source of YbF



Cryogenic beam spectrum



$10 \times$ more molecules/pulse

$4 \times$ longer interaction time (slower beam)

$\Rightarrow 10 \times$ better EDM signal:noise ratio

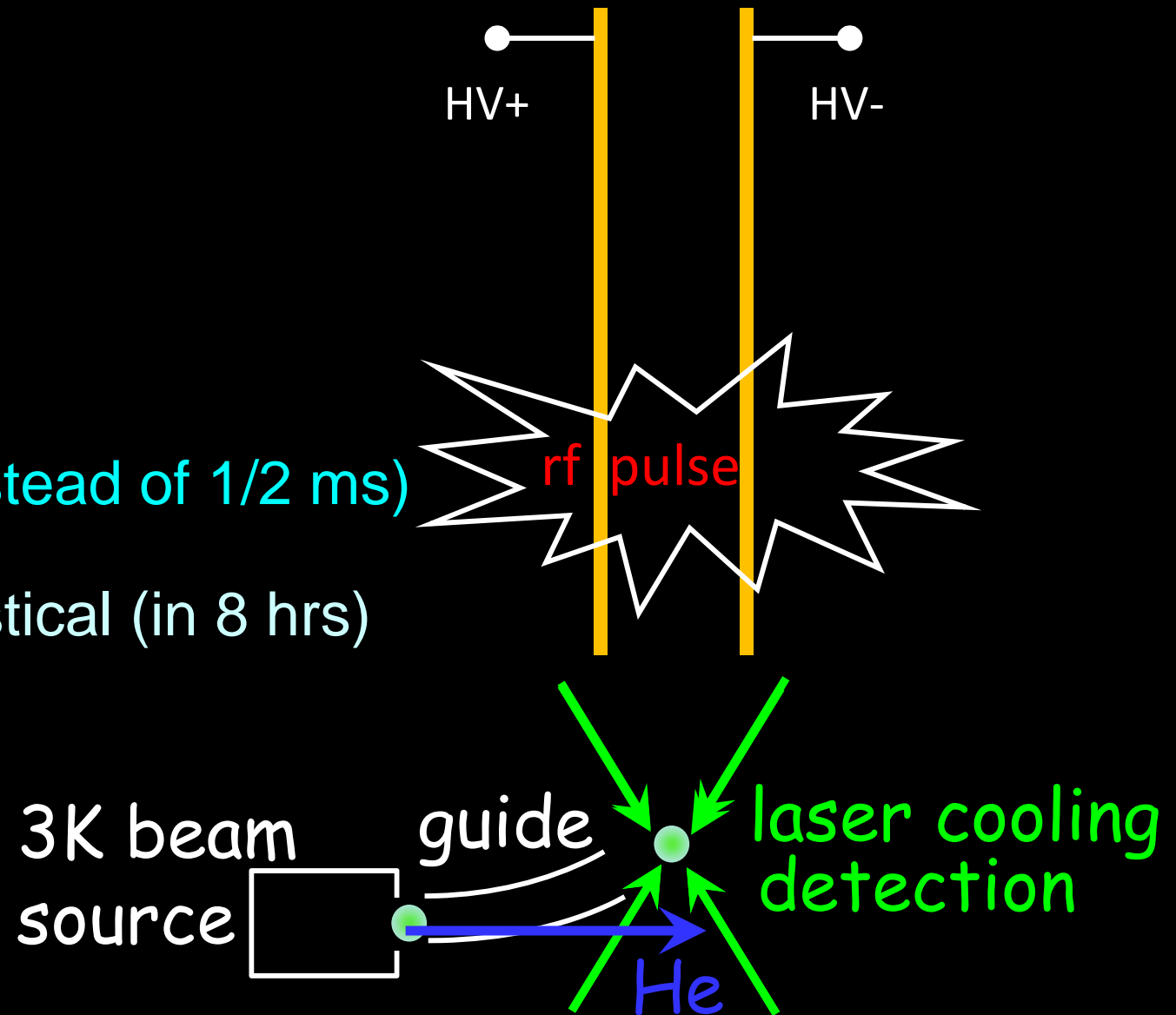
\Rightarrow access to mid 10^{-29} e.cm range

Phase 3 - a molecular fountain

Laser cooling

1/2 sec flight time (instead of 1/2 ms)

=> 6×10^{-31} e.cm statistical (in 8 hrs)



Some eEDM experiments in preparation

Acme collab. Harvard/Yale ThO : $^3\Delta_1$ metastable beam

Leanhardt group, Michigan WC : $^3\Delta_1$ ground state beam

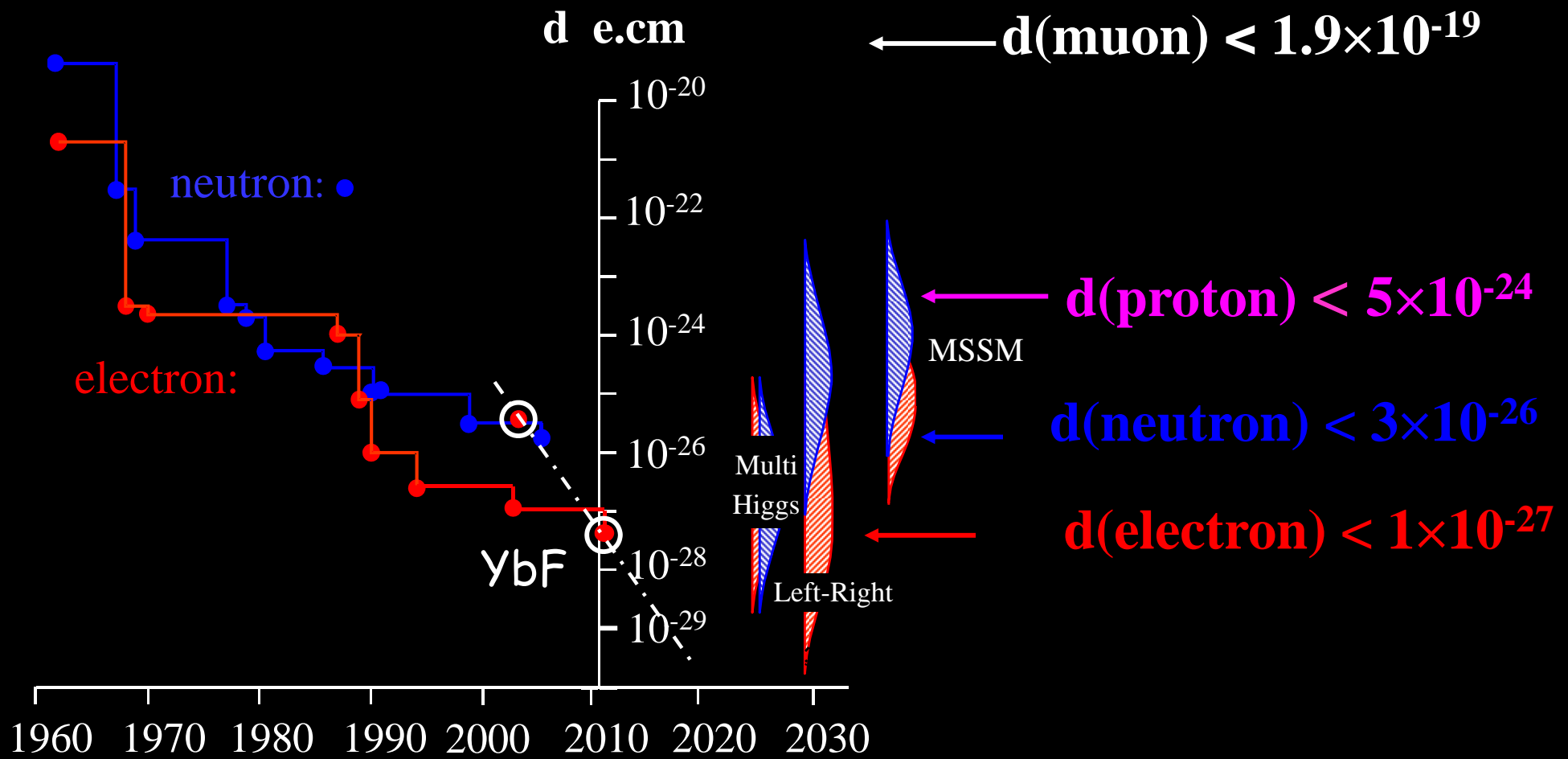
Cornel Group JILA HfF⁺ : $^3\Delta_1$ ground state ion trap

Atom experiments in preparation

Cs in optical lattice: Weiss group, Penn State (next year?)
Heinzen group, Texas (2 years?)

Fr in a MOT: Tohoku/Osaka (starting 2014)

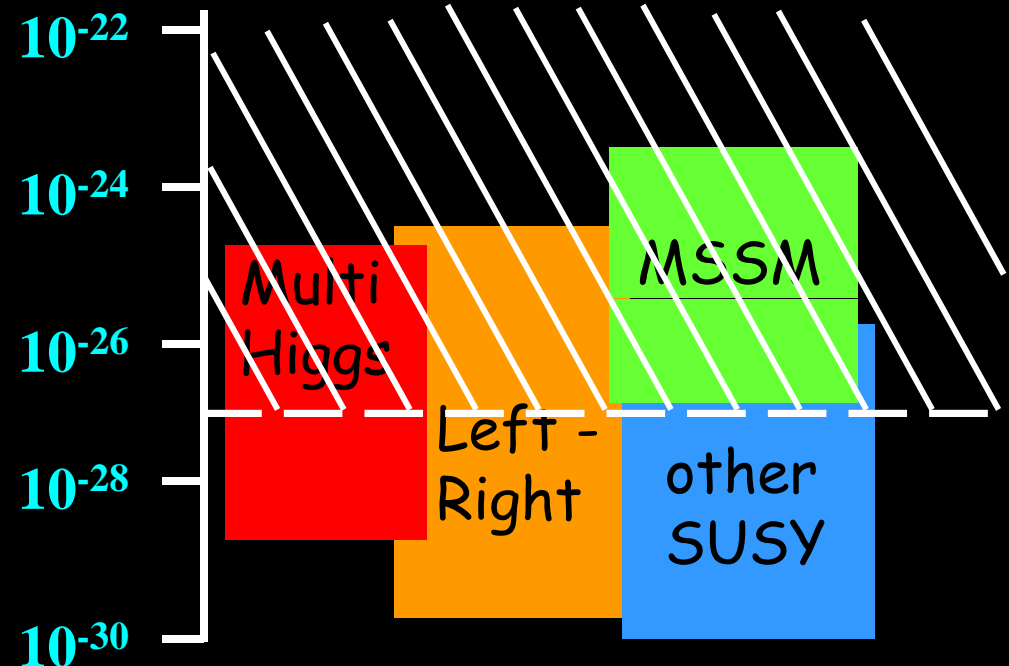
Current status of EDMs



Summary

e- EDM is a direct probe of physics beyond SM

specifically probes
CP violation
(how come we're
here?)



we see a way to reach $<10^{-30}$

Atto-eV molecular spectroscopy
tells us about TeV particle physics:
the electron is too round for MSSM!

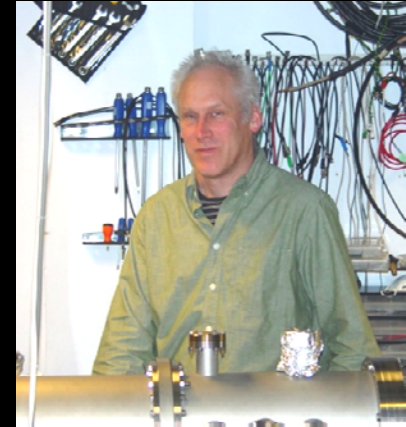
Thanks to my colleagues...



Jony Hudson



Mike Tarbutt



Ben Sauer

EDM measurement:

Joe Smallman

Jack Devlin

Dhiren Kara

Buffer gas cooling:

Sarah Skoff

Nick Bulleid

Rich Hendricks

Laser cooling:

Thom Wall

Aki Matsushima

Valentina Zhelyazkova

Anne Cournol



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