

PHY385H1F – “Introductory Optics”

Problem Set 5

Due: **November 22**, 2012 by 1:10pm

Instructions: Please complete the following problems on separate paper. **SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.** You will be graded more on correct method than correct answer. If you take an equation from the Hecht text, please give the equation number and page number.

Total Possible: 30 points.

Based on Chapter 8 of Optics (4th Edition) by Eugene Hecht, ©2002 by Addison-Wesley:

1. **[2 points for part a, 3 points for part b]** Describe the polarization state of the following waves:

a. $\vec{E} = \hat{i}E_0 \cos(kz - \omega t) - \hat{j}E_0 \cos(kz - \omega t)$

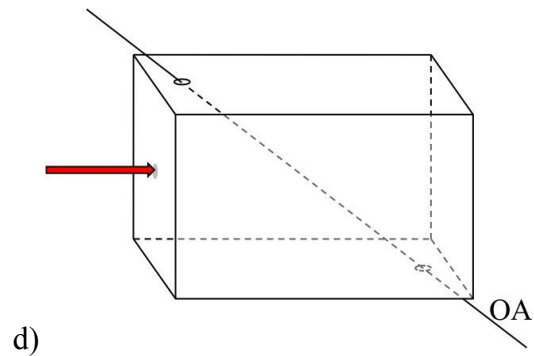
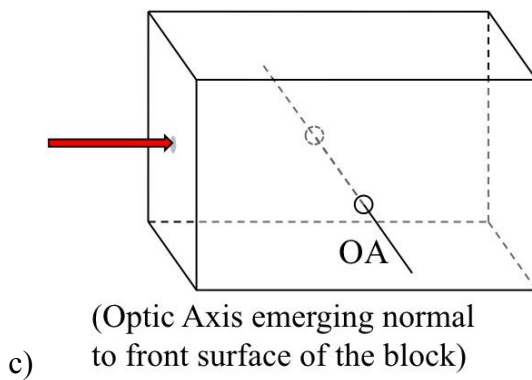
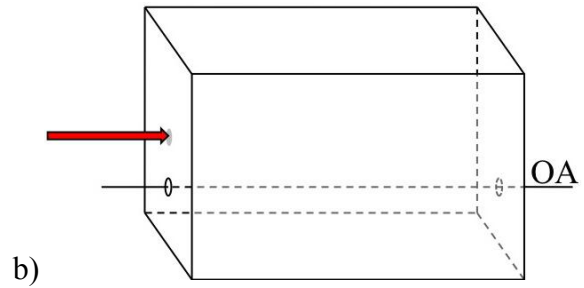
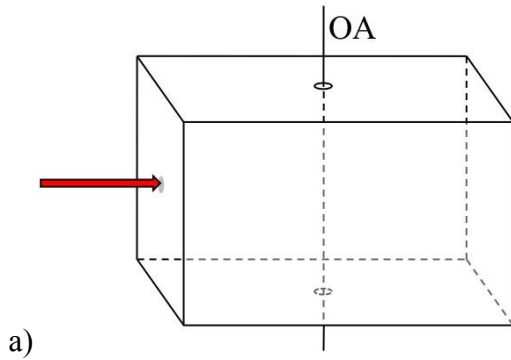
b. $\vec{E} = E_0(3\hat{i} - 4i\hat{j})e^{i(kz - \omega t)}$

Please be careful to distinguish between i , which is the base unit of imaginary numbers ($i = \sqrt{-1}$), and $(\hat{i}, \hat{j}, \hat{k})$, which are unit vectors in the (x, y, z) directions, and k , which is the propagation number of the wave with units of rad/m ($k = 2\pi/\lambda$). In your description of the polarization state, please specify if the light is in a **P**, **L**, **R** or **E** state, and make a rough sketch of how the electric field vector oscillates in the x - y plane.

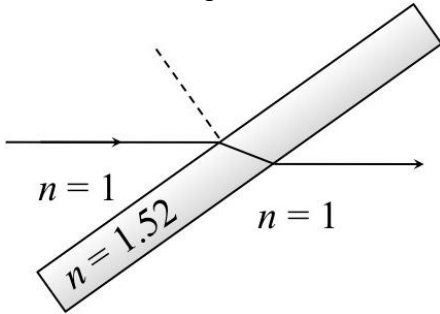
2. **[4 points]** Initially unpolarized light traveling in the $+z$ -direction passes in turn through three linear polarizers, with transmission axes at 0° , 30° , and 60° , respectively, relative to the x -axis. What is the irradiance of the produced light, expressed as a percentage of the original Unpolarized light irradiance?

3. **[8 points]** Unpolarized light is incident on a block of birefringent material, with the optic axis (OA) oriented as shown in the diagrams below. For each situation (a, b, c and d), answer the following questions:

- i. Is there a single refracted ray or double refracted rays?
- ii. Is there any phase retardation between the different emerging polarization states?
- iii. Is there polarization of any of the refracted rays?



4. **[1 point for part a, 4 points for part b]** A Brewster's Window is a slab of material, such as glass, oriented at an angle relative to a beam of light, so that the emerging beam is polarized. Shown in the diagram below is a Brewster's Window made of glass with $n = 1.52$.
- Find the Brewster's angle, θ_p , such that the light transmitted into the glass from the first air-glass interface is polarized.
 - Find the angle of incidence of the polarized beam on the second interface (glass-air). Compare this with the Brewster's angle in this case.



- [3 points]** The electric field vector of an incident P-state wave traveling in the $+z$ -direction makes an angle of $+30^\circ$ with the fast x -axis of a quarter-wave plate. Describe the state of polarization of the emergent wave. In your description of the polarization state, please specify if the light is in a P, L, R or E state, and make a rough sketch of how the electric field vector oscillates in the x - y plane.
- [3 points]** What is the rotation of linear polarization vector, in degrees, due to optical activity by the thinnest quarter wave plate of quartz? Assume the refractive indices for quartz are: $n_e = 1.56771$, $n_o = 1.55815$, $n_R = 1.55810$, and $n_L = 1.55821$.
- [2 points]** Compute the half-wave voltage for a longitudinal Pockels cell made of ADA (ammonium dihydrogen arsenate) at a vacuum wavelength of $\lambda_0 = 550$ nm, where the electro-optic constant is $r_{63} = 5.5 \times 10^{-12}$ m/V and the ordinary index of refraction is $n_o = 1.58$.